

```

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10 *****
11 * Esta biblioteca aplica o filtro de Kalman ao eixo X do MPU6050. Adaptada do trabalho de Kristian Sloth Lauszus
12 * (https://lauszus.com/) através da licença "License version 2 (GPL2)" do GNU.
13 *****/
14
15 #ifndef Kalman_X_h
16 #define Kalman_X_h
17
18 #include <I2CRW.h> // Biblioteca para ler e gravar registros do MPU6050
19
20 Kalman kalmanX; // Instância Kalman
21
22 double accX,accY,accZ; // Dados do acelerometro nos eixos X,Y,Z
23 double gyroX,gyroY,gyroZ; // Dados do giroscópio nos eixos X,Y,Z
24 int16_t tempRaw; // Temporario
25
26 uint32_t timer; // Marcação de tempo
27 uint8_t i2cData[14]; // Buffer para dados I2C
28
29 //
30
31 void Kalman_X_begin(uint8_t adr) // Inicialização do processo de filtragem
32 {
33
34     I2CRW_begin(adr,400000UL,3000,true); // Inicializa a biblioteca <I2C_Write_Read.h>
35
36     // Set the sample rate to 1000Hz - 8kHz/(7+1) = 1000Hz
37     i2cData[0] = 7;
38     // Disable FSYNC and set 260 Hz Acc filtering, 256 Hz Gyro filtering, 8 KHz sampling
39     i2cData[1] = 0x00;
40     // Set Gyro Full Scale Range to ±250deg/s
41     i2cData[2] = 0x00;
42     // Set Accelerometer Full Scale Range to ±2g
43     i2cData[3] = 0x00;
44     while (i2cWrite(0x19,i2cData,4,false)); // Envia os dados e não libera o barramento I2C
45     while (i2cWrite(0x6B,1,true)); // PLL(Phase locked loop) with X axis gyroscope
46                                     // reference and disable sleep mode
47     delay(100); // Aguarda estabilização do sensor
48
49     // Set kalman and gyro starting angle
50     while (i2cRead(0x3B,i2cData,6));
51     accX = (int16_t)((i2cData[0] << 8) | i2cData[1]);
52     accY = (int16_t)((i2cData[2] << 8) | i2cData[3]);
53     accZ = (int16_t)((i2cData[4] << 8) | i2cData[5]);
54
55     // Source: http://www.freescale.com/files/sensors/doc/app_note/AN3461.pdf eq. 25 and eq. 26
56     // atan2 outputs the value of -π to π (radians) - see http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Atan2
57     // It is then converted from radians to degrees
58
59     double roll = atan(accY / sqrt(accX * accX + accZ * accZ)) * RAD_TO_DEG;
60     kalmanX.setAngle(roll); // Set starting angle
61
62     timer = micros(); // Inicializa timer
63 }
64
65 //
66
67 void Kalman_X_run(double *ang) // Execução do processo de filtragem
68 {
69     // Atualiza todos os valores
70     while (i2cRead(0x3B,i2cData,14));
71     accX = (int16_t)((i2cData[0] << 8) | i2cData[1]);
72     accY = (int16_t)((i2cData[2] << 8) | i2cData[3]);
73     accZ = (int16_t)((i2cData[4] << 8) | i2cData[5]);
74     tempRaw = (int16_t)((i2cData[6] << 8) | i2cData[7]);
75     gyroX = (int16_t)((i2cData[8] << 8) | i2cData[9]);
76     gyroY = (int16_t)((i2cData[10] << 8) | i2cData[11]);
77     gyroZ = (int16_t)((i2cData[12] << 8) | i2cData[13]);
78
79     double dt = (double)(micros() - timer) / 1000000; // calcula dt
80     timer = micros();
81
82     // Source: http://www.freescale.com/files/sensors/doc/app_note/AN3461.pdf eq. 25 and eq. 26
83     // atan2 outputs the value of -π to π (radians) - see http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Atan2
84     // It is then converted from radians to degrees
85
86     double roll = atan(accY / sqrt(accX * accX + accZ * accZ)) * RAD_TO_DEG;
87     double gyroXrate = gyroX / 131.0; // Converte para graus/seg

```

```
88
89 *ang = kalmanX.getAngle(roll,gyroXrate,dt); // Calcula o angulo usando o filtro de Kalman
90 }
91
92 // _____
93
94 #endif
95
```